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14		
15	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
16	DISTRICT	OF OREGON
17	ADIDAS AMERICA, INC. and ADIDAS-	
18	SALOMON AG,	NO. CV '01 - 1655' 'JE
19	Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT
20	v.	(Trademark & Trade Dress Infringement,
21	PANE EGG GWOEGOWEGE ENG	Trademark & Trade Dress Dilution, Unfair
21	PAYLESS SHOESOURCE, INC.,	Competition, Deceptive Trade Practices, and Breach of Contract)
22	Defendant.	Breach of Contract)
23		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
24		
25		
26		

PAGE 1- COMPLAINT

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1	Plaintiffs adidas America, Inc. and adidas-Salomon AG (collectively, "adidas" or
2	"Plaintiffs") state the following for their complaint against Payless ShoeSource, Inc. ("Payless" or
3	"Defendant"):
5	1. This is an action at law and in equity for trademark infringement and dilution,
6	injury to business reputation, unfair competition and deceptive trade practices, arising under the
7	Trademark Act of 1946, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1051 et seq. (1994) ("Lanham Act"); the antidilution laws
8	of the several states, including the Oregon antidilution statute, O.R.S. § 647.107 (1988); the fair
9	business practices and unfair and deceptive trade practices acts of the several states, including the
10	Oregon Unlawful Trade Practices Act, O.R.S. §§ 646.605 to 646.656 (1997); and the common
11	law.
12	2. Defendant is offering for sale and selling footwear that bears confusingly similar
13	imitations of Plaintiffs' registered THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress.
14	Defendant's footwear is not manufactured by adidas, nor is Defendant connected or affiliated
15	with, or authorized by, adidas in any way. Defendant's merchandise is likely to cause confusion
16	and to deceive consumers and the public regarding its source, and dilutes and tarnishes the
17	distinctive quality of adidas's mark and trade dress.
18	Defendant's sale of confusingly similar four-stripe footwear also constitutes breach
19	of an agreement reached between the parties in 1994.
20	JURISDICTION AND VENUE
21	4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under section 39 of the Lanham Act, 15
22	U.S.C. § 1121, and under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338. This Court has jurisdiction over
23	Plaintiffs' related state and common-law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1338 and 1367. In
24	addition, this Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the parties'
25	citizenship is diverse and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and
26	costs

costs.

5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because, on information and
belief, Defendant has distributed or sold infringing merchandise within this State, has engaged in
acts or omissions within this State causing injury, has engaged in acts or omissions outside of this
State causing injury within this State, has manufactured or distributed products used or consumed
within this State in the ordinary course of trade, or has otherwise made or established contacts
with this State sufficient to permit the exercise of personal jurisdiction. This District is a proper
venue pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions
giving rise to Plaintiffs' claims occurred in this District.
THE PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff adidas-Salomon AG is a joint stock company organized and existing under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany, having its office and principal place of business at Postfach 1120, D-91072 Herzogenaurach, Federal Republic of Germany.
- 7. Plaintiff adidas America, Inc., is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having its principal place of business at 9605 S.W. Nimbus Avenue, Beaverton, Oregon 97008. adidas America, Inc., is wholly-owned by adidas-Salomon AG and its affiliates, and within this country adidas America is one of two licensed distributors of ADIDAS brand merchandise, including goods bearing the distinctive THREE STRIPE trademark. Plaintiffs adidas-Salomon AG and adidas America, Inc., and any predecessors or related entities, are collectively referred to as "adidas."
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant Payless ShoeSource, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 3231 East Sixth Street, Topeka, Kansas 66607.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

9. adidas is currently, and for years has been, one of the world's leading manufacturers of athletic footwear, sportswear, and sporting equipment. Over forty years ago, adidas first placed three parallel bands on its athletic shoes, and the THREE STRIPE Mark came

1	to signify the quality and reputation of adidas footwear to the sporting world early in the
2	company's history.
3	10. At least as early as 1952, adidas began using the THREE STRIPE Mark on
4	athletic footwear sold in the United States and worldwide. Pages from adidas catalogs featuring
5	footwear bearing the THREE STRIPE Mark are attached as Exhibit 1.
6	adidas-Salomon AG is the owner of a federal trademark registration, Reg. No.
7	1,815,956, issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on January 11, 1994, for the
8	THREE STRIPE Mark, as depicted below, for "athletic footwear."
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12	The same of the sa
13	Affidavits have been filed pursuant to Sections 8 and 15 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1058
14	and 1065, and this registration is incontestable. A copy of the Certificate of Registration for this
15	mark is attached as Exhibit 2.
16	adidas-Salomon AG is the owner of a federal trademark registration, Reg. No.
17	1,833,868, issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on May 3, 1994, for the
18	THREE STRIPE Mark, as depicted below, covering "athletic footwear."
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23	Affidavits have been filed pursuant to Sections 8 and 15 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1058
24	and 1065, and this registration is incontestable. A copy of the Certificate of Registration for this
25	mark is attached as Exhibit 3.

1	adidas also owns numerous additional trademark registrations for the THREE
2	STRIPE Mark covering footwear and various items of apparel including U.S. Reg. Nos. 870,136,
3	961,353, 2,016,963, and 2,058,619. A copy of the Certificate of Registration for each of these
4	marks is attached as Exhibit 4.

- 14. Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark is well-known and famous. Plaintiffs have used the THREE STRIPE Mark in connection with their frequent sponsorship of sports tournaments and organizations, as well as professional athletes. For example, adidas has long-term relationships with the New York Yankees, the San Francisco 49ers, the Tampa Bay Buccaneers, the New England Patriots, the University of California at Los Angeles, the University of Nebraska and the University of Tennessee. Among many others, tennis champion Steffi Graf, American soccer star Eddie Pope, and N.B.A. star Kobe Bryant all are sponsored by adidas. adidas also was a co-sponsor of the recent women's World Cup soccer tournament. Prominent use of the THREE STRIPE Mark in connection with these sponsorship activities has further enhanced the mark's recognition and fame.
- 15. The THREE STRIPE mark is non-functional, and the public well recognizes and understands that the THREE STRIPE Mark distinguishes and identifies adidas merchandise. Indeed, unsolicited media coverage has referred to "the classic Adidas THREE STRIPE motif." (Tennis, July 1997, at 20). adidas also owns federal registrations for verbal trademarks using the term "three stripe" including THE BRAND WITH THE THREE STRIPES, Reg. No. 1,674,229, for sport and leisure wear. A copy of the Certificate of Registration for this mark is attached as Exhibit 5.
- 16. For decades, adidas has extensively and continuously used and promoted the THREE STRIPE Mark in connection with athletic footwear and sportswear. In recent years, annual sales of products bearing the THREE STRIPE Mark have totaled in the billions of dollars globally and in the hundreds of millions of dollars within the United States. The THREE STRIPE Mark has achieved international fame and tremendous public recognition.

1	17. The SUPERSTAR model is a famous shoe sold under the THREE STRIPE Mark,
2	featuring a distinctive appearance, including a unique and nonfunctional combination of three
3	stripes on the side of the shoe parallel to equidistant small holes, a rubber "shell toe," a
4	particularly flat sole and a colored portion on the outer back heel section, that identifies to
5	consumers that the origin of the product lies with adidas (the "SUPERSTAR Trade Dress"), as
6	depicted below:
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5	18. Since introducing its THREE STRIPE trademark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress,
6	adidas has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars promoting the mark, the product, and its
17	appearance. As a result of adidas's continuous and exclusive use of the THREE STRIPE
18	trademark and the SUPERSTAR Trade Dress in connection with its products, the mark and trade
19	dress enjoy wide public acceptance and association with adidas, and have come to be recognized
20	widely and favorably by the public as indicators of the origin of adidas's goods.
21	19. The fame and popularity of the SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, and particularly the
22 23	"shell toe" feature, is evident from popular press reports, including the following:
24	• "Perfect to chill to, dust off the Adidas shell toes, post up on the stoop, and blare it
25	out the window." Heather Kuldell, "Beastie Boys DJ Scratches Your Eyes Out,"
26	The Georgia State University Signal, Sept. 27, 2001.

1	•	"New York's biggest trendsetters are going public with their locker room gear this
2		summer Annemie Dreves - a.k.a. 'Number 56' - pairs this football-style jersey
3		with well-worn jeans slit at the ankles and shell-toe Adidas." Danielle Levitt &
4		Libby Callaway, "Gym Dandies," The New York Post, Sept. 2, 2001.
5	•	"One such shoe is the Adidas Superstar, with its now famous rubber shell toe.
		•
7		Introduced in 1969 as a basketball shoe, it was worn by three-quarters of National
8		Basketball Association players by the mid '70s but fell in popularity in the '80s,
9		when chunky Nikes and Reeboks dominated. Championed by rappers Run DMC,
10 11		who wrote My Adidas in 1986, and later the Beastie Boys, they became a cult
12		fashion item, prompting Adidas to re-release old models." Dominique Jackson,
13		"Sneaky Feelings," The Australian, Aug. 17, 2001.
14	•	"This season she's wearing fraying and faded Earl Jeans, Adidas shell toes and an
15		asymmetric top." PR Week, July 13, 2001, p. 11.
16		
17	•	"dido In her urban chic attire, she is an English rose with a thorny edge
18		For casual days, she gravitates toward Adidas shell-toe sneakers, T-shirts with
19		iron-on decals, and Katayone Adeli or Diesel pants." Heidi Sherman, "Amped +
20		Vamped: Sample the Style High Notes of Destiny's Child, Sheryl Croe, Macy Gray
21		and More," In Style, July 2001, at 186.
22	_	"Dut when Michele Corbett stamped in during her lamb hour to have a pair of
23	•	"But when Michele Corbett stopped in during her lunch hour to buy a pair of
24		popular Adidas called Superstars (some call them shell toes), she was told that
25		particular pair was not on sale." Bruce Mohl, "Old-Fashioned Bill-Paying Gets
26		New Wrinkle," The Boston Globe, May 13, 2001, at C3.

1	•	"It's hard for me not to be passionate, because passion is something that's in me,"
2		says the 22-year-old star, decked out in diamonds and a white linen Enyce suit
3		with Adidas shell-toe sneakers." Farrah Weinstein, "Style and Substance: Tyrese
4		, , ,
5		Gibson," The New York Post, July 1, 2001, at 52.
6	•	"He expects the trefoil group to appeal to women as it already does to high school
7		girls who favor the brand's shell-toe shoes and three-stripe jackets." Rosemary
8		Feitelberg, "Adidas Maps Three-Tier Apparel Plan," Women's Wear Daily, Oct.
9		12, 2000, at 11.
10		
11	•	"Fusing rock with hip-hop has been the subject of experiments before many nu-
12		metal groups could fit into a pair of shell-toe Adidas." Chris Macias, "Kings of
13		Rock N' Rap," Sacramento Bee, Oct. 17, 1999, at E19.
14		
15	20.	As a result of adidas's extensive use and promotion of its THREE STRIPE
16	trademark and	d its SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, adidas has built up and now owns valuable
17	goodwill that	is symbolized by the mark and trade dress. The purchasing public has come to
18	associate the	THREE STRIPE trademark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress with adidas. adidas's
19	mark and trad	le dress are distinctive and non-functional and have achieved significant secondary
20	meaning.	
21		THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES
	21.	In 1994, Payless sold footwear bearing three and four parallel stripes, and which
22		
23	_	las's THREE STRIPE mark. As a result, adidas filed an action for trademark
24	infringement	and unfair competition in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of

New York, Civil Action No. 94-civ-3424 (the "New York Action").

24

25

1	22.	adidas and Payless resolved the New York Action by entering into a settlement
2	agreement (th	e "Agreement"), in which Payless acknowledged adidas's ownership of the THREE
3	STRIPE mark	Κ .
4	23.	The Agreement states, in part, that: "Payless further agrees that it will not, except
5	as otherwise j	provided herein, order or sell athletic shoes bearing two or four parallel double-
6	serrated stripe	es of contrasting color running diagonally from the outsole forward to the lacing
7	area."	
8	24.	The Agreement further states that in the event of a willful breach of the provision
9	referenced ab	ove in Paragraph 23, adidas "will be entitled to recover its proveable [sic] damages
10	and its reason	nable costs and attorneys' fees."
11		DEFENDANT'S UNLAWFUL ACTIVITIES
12	25.	On information and belief, Defendant Payless is a retailer that is distributing,
13	offering for sa	ale and selling goods in interstate commerce that bear a confusingly similar imitation
14	of Plaintiffs'	THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, including the footwear
15	depicted belo	w:
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24	26.	The goods distributed, offered for sale and sold by Defendant are not

manufactured by adidas, nor is Defendant associated or connected with adidas, or licensed,

authorized, sponsored, endorsed or approved by adidas in any way.

25

1	27.	Plaintiffs used the THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress
2	extensively an	d continuously before Defendant began using confusingly similar imitations of
3	adidas's footw	/ear.

- 28. The goods sold by Defendant are similar to and compete with goods sold by Plaintiffs, and are sold through overlapping channels of trade.
- Defendant's use of confusingly similar imitations of Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE

 Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress is likely to deceive, confuse and mislead prospective

 purchasers and purchasers into believing that footwear sold by Defendant is manufactured by,

 authorized by or in some manner associated with Plaintiffs, which it is not. The likelihood of

 confusion, mistake and deception engendered by Defendant's misappropriation of Plaintiffs' mark

 and trade dress is causing irreparable harm to the goodwill symbolized by the THREE STRIPE

 Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress and the reputation for quality that they embody.
- 30. Defendant's activities are likely to cause confusion before, during, and after the time of purchase because purchasers, prospective purchasers and others viewing Defendant's footwear at the point of sale or on a wearer are likely -- due to Defendant's use of confusingly similar imitations of the THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress -- to mistakenly attribute the product to adidas. This is particularly damaging with respect to those persons who perceive a defect or lack of quality in Defendant's products. By causing such a likelihood of confusion, mistake and deception, Defendant is inflicting irreparable harm to the goodwill symbolized by the THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, and the reputation for quality that they embody.
- 31. Upon information and belief, Defendant continues to use confusingly similar imitations of adidas's THREE STRIPE trademark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress in connection with the sale of products that are directly competitive to those offered by adidas. Defendant began selling these imitations well after adidas established protectable rights to its THREE STRIPE trademark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress.

1	32.	On information and belief, Defendant knowingly, willfully, intentionally and	
2	maliciously a	dopted and used confusingly similar imitations of Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark	
3	and SUPERS	TAR Trade Dress.	
4	33.	On information and belief, Defendant knowingly, willfully, and intentionally	
5	breached the	Agreement by selling footwear bearing four parallel stripes.	
6 7		FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Federal Trademark Infringement)	
8	34.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-33.	
9	35.	Defendant's use of confusingly similar imitations of Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE	
10	Mark is likely	to cause confusion, deception, and mistake by creating the false and misleading	
11	impression that Defendant's goods are manufactured or distributed by Plaintiffs, or associated or		
12	connected wi	th Plaintiffs, or have the sponsorship, endorsement, or approval of Plaintiffs.	
13	36.	Defendant has used marks confusingly similar to Plaintiffs' federally registered	
14	marks in viola	ation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114, and Defendant's activities have caused and, unless	
15	enjoined by the	his Court, will continue to cause a likelihood of confusion and deception of members	
16	of the trade a	nd public and, additionally, injury to Plaintiffs' goodwill and reputation as	
17	symbolized by	y the federally registered THREE STRIPE Mark, for which Plaintiffs have no	
18	adequate rem	edy at law.	
19	37.	Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to	
20	trade on the g	goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' federally registered THREE STRIPE Mark to	
21	Plaintiffs' gre	at and irreparable injury.	
22	38.	Defendant has caused and is likely to continue causing substantial injury to the	
23	public and to	Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief and to recover Defendant's	
24	profits, actua	l damages, enhanced profits and damages, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees	
25	under 15 U.S	.C. §§ 1114, 1116 and 1117.	

	SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Federal Unfair Competition as to Three Stripe Mark)	
39.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-38.	
40.	Defendant's use of knockoff duplicates or confusingly similar imitations of	
Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark has caused and is likely to cause confusion, deception, and		
mistake by cr	eating the false and misleading impression that Defendant's goods are manufactured	
or distributed	by Plaintiffs, or affiliated, connected, or associated with Plaintiffs or have the	
sponsorship,	endorsement, or approval of Plaintiffs.	
41.	Defendant has made false representations, false descriptions, and false designations	
of origin of it	s goods in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a), and Defendant's activities have caused	
and, unless e	njoined by this Court, will continue to cause a likelihood of confusion and deception	
of members of	of the trade and public and, additionally, injury to Plaintiffs' goodwill and reputation	
as symbolized by the THREE STRIPE Mark, for which Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at		
law.		
42.	Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to	
trade on the	goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark to the great and	
irreparable injury of Plaintiffs.		
43.	Defendant's conduct has caused, and is likely to continue causing, substantial injury	
to the public	and to Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief and to recover	
Defendant's	profits, actual damages, enhanced profits and damages, costs, and reasonable	
attorneys' fe	es pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(a), 1116 and 1117.	
	THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Federal Unfair Competition as to Superstar Trade Dress)	
44.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-43.	
45.	Plaintiffs' SUPERSTAR Trade Dress has acquired secondary meaning.	
46.	Defendant's use of knockoff duplicates or confusingly similar imitations of	
Plaintiffs' SI	UPERSTAR Trade Dress has caused and is likely to cause confusion, deception, and	
	40. Plaintiffs' THO mistake by croor distributed sponsorship, 41. of origin of it and, unless end of members of as symbolized law. 42. trade on the irreparable in 43. to the public Defendant's attorneys' feed.	

PAGE 12- COMPLAINT

1	mistake by cr	eating the false and misleading impression that Defendant's goods are manufactured	
2	or distributed	by Plaintiffs, or affiliated, connected, or associated with Plaintiffs or have the	
3	sponsorship,	endorsement, or approval of Plaintiffs.	
4	47.	Defendant has made false representations, false descriptions, and false designations	
5	of origin of it	s goods in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a), and Defendant's activities have caused	
6	and, unless er	njoined by this Court, will continue to cause a likelihood of confusion and deception	
7	of members of	of the trade and public and, additionally, injury to Plaintiffs' goodwill and reputation	
8	as symbolized	d by the SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, for which Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at	
9	law.		
10	48.	Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to	
11	trade on the g	goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' SUPERSTAR Trade Dress to the great and	
12	irreparable in	jury of Plaintiffs.	
13	49.	Defendant's conduct has caused, and is likely to continue causing, substantial injury	
14	to the public	and to Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief and to recover	
15	Defendant's profits, actual damages, enhanced profits and damages, costs, and reasonable		
16	attorneys' fee	es pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(a), 1116 and 1117.	
17		FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
18		(Federal Dilution as to Three Stripe Mark)	
19	50.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-49.	
20	51.	Plaintiffs have extensively and continuously promoted and used the registered	
21	THREE STR	CIPE Mark both in the United States and throughout the world, and the mark has	
22	thereby beco	me a famous and well-known symbol of adidas's goods and services.	
	52.	Defendant is making commercial use in commerce of marks that dilute and are	
23	likely to dilut	te the distinctiveness of Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark by eroding the public's	
24	exclusive ide	ntification of this famous mark with Plaintiffs, tarnishing and degrading the positive	

1	associations a	and prestigious connotations of the mark, and otherwise lessening the capacity of the
2	mark to ident	ify and distinguish goods and services.
3	53.	Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to
4	trade on the g	goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark or to cause dilution of the
5	THREE STR	IPE Mark, to the great and irreparable injury of Plaintiffs.
6	54.	Defendant has caused and will continue to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiffs'
7	goodwill and	business reputation, and dilution of the distinctiveness and value of Plaintiffs' famous
8	and distinctiv	e THREE STRIPE Mark in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c), and Plaintiffs therefore
9	are entitled to	o injunctive relief and to Defendant's profits, actual damages, enhanced profits and
10	damages, cos	its, and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(c), 1116 and 1117.
11		FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Federal Dilution as to Superstar Trade Dress)
12	55.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-54.
13	56.	Plaintiffs have extensively and continuously promoted and used the SUPERSTAR
14		both in the United States and throughout the world, and the SUPERSTAR Trade
15		ereby become a famous and well-known indicator of the origin adidas's goods and
16	services.	steely become a famous and wen known indicator of the origin adiabas goods and
17	57.	Defendant is making commercial use in commerce of trade dress that dilutes and is
18	likely to dilu	te the distinctiveness of Plaintiffs' SUPERSTAR Trade Dress by eroding the public's
19	exclusive ide	ntification of this famous trade dress with Plaintiffs, tarnishing and degrading the
20 21	positive asso	ciations and prestigious connotations of the trade dress, and otherwise lessening the
22	capacity of t	he trade dress to identify and distinguish goods and services.
23	58.	Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to
24	trade on the	goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' SUPERSTAR Trade Dress or to cause dilution of
~ 1	the SUPERS	STAR Trade Dress, to the great and irreparable injury of Plaintiffs.

1	59.	Defendant has caused and will continue to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiffs'
2	goodwill and	business reputation, and dilution of the distinctiveness and value of Plaintiffs' famous
3	and distinctive	e SUPERSTAR Trade Dress in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c), and Plaintiffs
4	therefore are	entitled to injunctive relief and to Defendant's profits, actual damages, enhanced
5	profits and da	images, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(c), 1116
6	and 1117.	
7		SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
8		(State Trademark Dilution and Injury to Business Reputation as to Three Stripe Mark)
9	60.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in
10	paragraphs 1-	-59.
11	61.	Plaintiffs have extensively and continuously promoted and used the registered
12	THREE STR	IPE Mark both in the United States and throughout the world, and the mark has
13	become a dist	inctive, famous and well-known symbol of adidas's goods and services.
14	62.	Defendant's unauthorized use of Plaintiffs' registered THREE STRIPE Mark
15	dilutes and is	likely to dilute the distinctiveness of Plaintiffs' mark by eroding the public's exclusive
16	identification	of this famous mark with Plaintiffs, and tarnishing and degrading the positive
17	associations a	and prestigious connotations of the mark.
18	63.	Defendant is causing and will continue to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiffs'
19	goodwill and	business reputation, and dilution of the distinctiveness and value of Plaintiffs' famous
20	and distinctiv	e THREE STRIPE Mark in violation of the Oregon antidilution act, O.R.S. §
21	647.107 (198	8), as well as the antidilution laws of the several states, including Alabama, Ala.
22	Code § 8-12-	17 (1993); Arkansas, Ark. Code Ann. § 4-71-113 (Michie 1996); California, Cal.
23	Bus. & Prof.	Code § 14330 (West 1987 & Supp. 1998); Connecticut, Conn. Gen. Stat. Ann. §
24	35-11i(c) (Wo	est 1997); Delaware, Del. Code Ann. tit. 6, § 3313 (1993); Florida, Fla. Stat. Ann. §
25	495.151 (Wes	st 1997); Georgia, Ga. Code Ann. § 10-1-451 (1994); Idaho, Idaho Code § 48-512
26	(1997); Illino	is, 765 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 1036/65 (West 1998); Iowa, Iowa Code Ann. §

1	548.113 (We	st 1997); Louisiana, La. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 51:223.1 (West 1987); Maine, Me. Rev.	
2	Stat. Ann. tit	. 10, § 1530 (West 1996); Massachusetts, Mass. Gen. L. ch. 110B, § 12 (West Supp.	
3	1990); Minne	esota, Minn. Stat. Ann. § 325D.165 (1995); Mississippi, Miss. Code Ann. § 75-25-	
4	25 (Supp. 19	97); Missouri, Mo. Rev. Stat. § 417.061(1) (1990 & Supp. 1998); Montana, Mont.	
5	Code Ann. §	30-13-334 (1995); Nebraska, Neb. Rev. Stat. § 87-122 (1995); New Hampshire,	
6	N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 350-A:12 (1995); New Mexico, N.M. Stat. Ann. § 57-3B-15 (Supp.		
7	1997); New York, N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 360-1 (McKinney 1996); Pennsylvania, 54 Pa. Cons.		
8	Stat. Ann. §	1124 (West 1996); Rhode Island, R.I. Gen. Laws. § 6-2-12 (1992); Tennessee, Tenn.	
9	Code Ann. §	47-25-512 (1995); Texas, Tex. Bus. & Com. Code Ann. § 16.29 (West Supp.	
10	1998); Wash	ington, Wash. Rev. Code Ann. § 19.77.160 (West Supp. 1997); West Virginia, W.	
11	Va. Code § 4	47-2-13 (1996); and Wyoming, Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 40-1-115 (Michie 1997). Plaintiffs	
12	therefore are entitled to injunctive relief, damages and costs, as well as, if appropriate, enhanced		
13	damages and reasonable attorneys' fees.		
14		SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
15		(State Trade Dress Dilution and Injury to Business Reputation as to Superstar Trade Dress)	
16	64.	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in	
17	paragraphs 1		
18	65.	Plaintiffs have extensively and continuously promoted and used the SUPERSTAR	
19	Trade Dress	in the United States and throughout the world, and the trade dress has become a	
20	distinctive, famous and well-known symbol of adidas's goods and services.		
21	66.	Defendant's unauthorized use of Plaintiffs' SUPERSTAR Trade Dress dilutes and	
22	is likely to di	lute the distinctiveness of Plaintiffs' trade dress by eroding the public's exclusive	
23		of this famous trade dress with Plaintiffs, and tarnishing and degrading the positive	

Defendant is causing and will continue to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiffs'

goodwill and business reputation, and dilution of the distinctiveness and value of Plaintiffs' famous

PAGE 16- COMPLAINT

67.

24

25

26

associations and prestigious connotations of the trade dress.

1	and distinctive SUPERSTAR Trade Dress in violation of the Oregon antidilution act, O.R.S. §		
2	647.107 (1988), as well as the antidilution laws of the several states, including Alabama, Ala.		
3	Code § 8-12-17 (1993); Arkansas, Ark. Code Ann. § 4-71-113 (Michie 1996); California, Cal.		
4	Bus. & Prof. Code § 14330 (West 1987 & Supp. 1998); Connecticut, Conn. Gen. Stat. Ann. §		
5	35-11i(c) (West 1997); Delaware, Del. Code Ann. tit. 6, § 3313 (1993); Florida, Fla. Stat. Ann. §		
6	495.151 (West 1997); Georgia, Ga. Code Ann. § 10-1-451 (1994); Idaho, Idaho Code § 48-512		
7	(1997); Illinois, 765 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 1036/65 (West 1998); Iowa, Iowa Code Ann. §		
8	548.113 (West 1997); Louisiana, La. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 51:223.1 (West 1987); Maine, Me. Rev.		
9	Stat. Ann. tit. 10, § 1530 (West 1996); Massachusetts, Mass. Gen. L. ch. 110B, § 12 (West Supp.		
10	1990); Minnesota, Minn. Stat. Ann. § 325D.165 (1995); Mississippi, Miss. Code Ann. § 75-25-		
11	25 (Supp. 1997); Missouri, Mo. Rev. Stat. § 417.061(1) (1990 & Supp. 1998); Montana, Mont.		
12	Code Ann. § 30-13-334 (1995); Nebraska, Neb. Rev. Stat. § 87-122 (1995); New Hampshire,		
13	N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 350-A:12 (1995); New Mexico, N.M. Stat. Ann. § 57-3B-15 (Supp.		
14	1997); New York, N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 360-1 (McKinney 1996); Pennsylvania, 54 Pa. Cons.		
15	Stat. Ann. § 1124 (West 1996); Rhode Island, R.I. Gen. Laws. § 6-2-12 (1992); Tennessee, Tenn.		
16	Code Ann. § 47-25-512 (1995); Texas, Tex. Bus. & Com. Code Ann. § 16.29 (West Supp.		
17	1998); Washington, Wash. Rev. Code Ann. § 19.77.160 (West Supp. 1997); West Virginia, W.		
18	Va. Code § 47-2-13 (1996); and Wyoming, Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 40-1-115 (Michie 1997). Plaintiffs		
19	therefore are entitled to injunctive relief, damages and costs, as well as, if appropriate, enhanced		
20	damages and reasonable attorneys' fees.		
21	EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF		
22	(Common Law Trademark Infringement and Unfair Competition)		
23	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-67.		
24	69. Defendant's acts constitute common law trademark infringement and unfair		
25	competition, and have created and will continue to create a likelihood of confusion to the		

1	irreparable injury of Plaintiffs unless restrained by this Court. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy
2	at law for this injury.
3	On information and belief, Defendant acted with full knowledge of Plaintiffs' use
4	of, and statutory and common law rights to, the THREE STRIPE Mark and without regard to the
5	likelihood of confusion of the public created by Defendant's activities.
6	71. Defendant's actions demonstrate an intentional, willful, and malicious intent to
7	trade on the goodwill associated with Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark to the great and
8	irreparable injury of Plaintiffs.
9	As a result of Defendant's acts, Plaintiffs have been damaged in an amount not as
10	yet determined or ascertainable. At a minimum, however, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive
11	relief, to an accounting of Defendant's profits, to damages, and to costs. In light of the
12	deliberately fraudulent and malicious use of confusingly similar imitations of Plaintiffs' THREE
13	STRIPE Mark, and the need to deter Defendant from similar conduct, Plaintiffs additionally are
14	entitled to punitive damages.
15 16	NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices)
17	Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-72.
18	74. Defendant has been and is passing off its goods as those of adidas, causing a
19	likelihood of confusion or of misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, or approval of
20	Defendant's goods, causing a likelihood of confusion as to Defendant's affiliation, connection, or
21	association with another, and otherwise damaging the public. Defendant's conduct constitutes
22	unfair and deceptive acts or practices in the course of a business, trade or commerce in violation
23	of Oregon's Unlawful Trade Practices Act, O.R.S. §§ 646.605 to 646.656 (1997), and the unfair
24	and deceptive trade practices statutes of other states, including Colorado, Colo. Rev. Stat. Ann.

 $\S\S$ 6-1-101 to 6-1-115 (West 1996 and Supp. 1998); Delaware, Del. Code Ann. tit. 6, $\S\S$ 2531 to

2536 (1993 & Supp. 1998); Georgia, Ga. Code Ann. §§ 10-1-370 to 10-1-375 (1994); Hawaii,

25

1	Haw. Rev. Stat. §§ 481A-1 to 481A-5 (1993); Illinois, 815 III. Comp. Stat. Ann. 510/1 to 510//		
2	(1993); Maine, Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. tit. 10, §§ 1211 to 1216 (West 1996); Minnesota, Minn. Stat		
3	Ann. § 325D.43 to .48 (West 1995); Nebraska, Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 87-301 to 87-306 (1995);		
4	New Mexico, N.M. Stat. Ann. §§ 57-12-1 to 57-12-22 (Michie 1995); New York, N.Y. Gen.		
5	Bus. L. § 349 (McKinney 1988); Ohio, Ohio Rev. Code Ann. §§ 4165.01 to 4165.04 (West		
6	1995); and Oklahoma, Okla. Stat. Ann. tit. 78, §§ 51 to 55 (West 1995 & Supp. 1998).		
7	75. Defendant's unauthorized use of confusingly similar imitations of Plaintiffs'		
8	THREE STRIPE Mark has caused and is likely to cause substantial injury to the public and to		
9	Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief and to recover damages, punitive damages,		
10	costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.		
11	TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Breach of Contract)		
12	76. Plaintiffs repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1-75.		
13 14	77. Plaintiffs and Defendant are parties to the Agreement, which is valid and binding		
15	and was supported by adequate consideration.		
16	78. Defendant's activities described herein constitute a willful and material breach of		
17	the Agreement. In particular, by ordering or selling footwear that bears a confusingly similar		
18	imitation of adidas's Three Stripe Mark and Superstar Trade Dress as described herein, Defendant		
19	has willfully and materially breached the provision of the Agreement stating that "Payless		
20	agrees that it will not order or sell athletic shoes bearing two or four parallel double-serrated		
21	stripes of contrasting color running diagonally from the outsole forward to the lacing area."		
22	As a result of Defendant's breach of the Agreement, Plaintiffs have suffered and		
23	will continue to suffer injury.		
23	Plaintiffs are entitled to damages resulting from Defendant's breach of the		
25	Agreement, including reasonable costs and attorneys' fees.		
23			

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

2	WHEREFORE,	Plaintiffs	pray	tha

- 1. Defendant and all its agents, officers, employees, representatives, successors, assigns, attorneys, and all other persons acting for, with, by, through, or under authority from Defendant, or in concert or participation with Defendant, and each of them, be enjoined permanently, from:
- a. using the THREE STRIPE Mark, SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, or any other copy, reproduction, or colorable imitation or simulation of Plaintiffs' THREE STRIPE Mark or SUPERSTAR Trade Dress on or in connection with Defendant's goods or services;
 - b. using any trademark, service mark, name, logo, design or source designation of any kind on or in connection with Defendant's goods or services that is a copy, reproduction, colorable imitation, or simulation of, or confusingly similar to, or in any way similar to the trademarks, service marks, names, or logos of Plaintiffs;
 - c. using any trademark, service mark, name, logo, design or source designation of any kind on or in connection with Defendant's goods or services that is likely to cause confusion, mistake, deception, or public misunderstanding that such goods or services are produced or provided by Plaintiffs, or are sponsored or authorized by or in any way connected or related to Plaintiffs;
 - d. using any trademark, service mark, name, logo, design or source designation of any kind on or in connection with Defendant's goods or services that dilutes or is likely to dilute the distinctiveness of the trademarks, service marks, names, or logos of Plaintiffs; and
 - e. passing off, palming off, or assisting in passing off or palming off,

 Defendant's goods or services as those of Plaintiffs, or otherwise continuing any and all acts of
 unfair competition as alleged in this Complaint;

PAGE 20- COMPLAINT

1	2.	Defendant be ordered to recall all products bearing the THREE STRIPE Mark,
2	SUPERSTAR	Trade Dress or any other confusingly similar mark, which have been shipped by
3	Defendant or u	inder its authority, to any customer including, but not limited to, any wholesaler,
4	distributor, ret	ailer, consignor, or marketer, and also to deliver to each customer a copy of this
5	Court's order a	as it relates to said injunctive relief against Defendant;
6	3.	Defendant be ordered to deliver up for impoundment and for destruction all
7	footwear, bags	s, boxes, labels, tags, signs, packages, receptacles, advertising, sample books,
8	promotional m	aterial, stationery or other materials in the possession, custody, or under the
9	control of Def	endant that are found to adopt, to infringe, or to dilute any of Plaintiffs' trademarks
10	or trade dress	or that otherwise unfairly compete with Plaintiffs and their products and services;
11	4.	Defendant be compelled to account to Plaintiffs for any and all profits derived by
12	Defendant from	m the sale or distribution of infringing goods as described in this Complaint;
13	5.	Plaintiffs be awarded all damages caused by the acts forming the basis of this
14	Complaint;	
15	6.	Based on Defendant's knowing and intentional use of confusingly similar imitations
16	of Plaintiffs' T	THREE STRIPE Mark and SUPERSTAR Trade Dress, the damages award be
17	trebled and th	e award of Defendant's profits be enhanced as provided for by 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a);
18	7.	Defendant be required to pay to Plaintiffs the costs of this action and their
19	reasonable att	orneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a), the Agreement, and the state statutes
20	cited in this C	omplaint;
21	8.	Based on Defendant's willful and deliberate infringement and dilution of Plaintiffs'
22	marks and tra	de dress, and to deter such conduct in the future, Plaintiffs be awarded punitive
23	damages; and	
24	9.	Plaintiffs have such other and further relief as the Court may deem just.
25		

1	JURY TRIAL DEMAND			
2	Plaintiffs respectfully demand a tria	Plaintiffs respectfully demand a trial by jury on all claims and issues so triable.		
3	Dated: November \$\frac{\psi}{2}\$, 2001.			
4	PE	RKINS COIE LLP		
5				
6	Ву	Stephen M. Feldman, OSB No. 93267		
7		Thomas R. Johnson, OSB No. 01064		
8		Telephone: (503) 727-2000		
9	Att	torneys for Plaintiffs		
10		re B. Swann		
11	R.	lliam H. Brewster, Charles Henn, Jr.		
12		LPATRICK STOCKTON LLP ite 2800		
13		00 Peachtree Street lanta, GA 30309		
14	Te	lephone: (404) 815-6500		
15	Fac	csimile: (404) 815-6555		
16	Of	Counsel for Plaintiffs		
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PAGE 22- COMPLAINT



676911 Rurring White I Forest 676912 Running White I Steel Grey 72428 Running White I University Red 69163 Running White I Black I Running White 72429 Black & Running White

\$ 69.99 F3850S

Exhibit 1
Page 4 of 4
Complaint

01 | 01 | 02

adiFIT

675970 Dark Indigo I Metalic Silver I Appollo I White

Galaxy I

Upper: Nylon mesh and synthetic leather.

Midsole / Outsole: Rubber outsole.

Sizes: 2, 3, 4, 5-10

\$ 30.99 F1550S

677619

677619 Running White I Chiyo Sizes: 10.5-3

outsole.

677616

01 | 01 | 02

677616 Running White (Chlyo

Upper: Full-grain leather. Shell toe.
Midsole / Outsole: Molded EVA midsole. Non-marking herringbone rubber outsole.
Sizes: 3.5-6

Superstar 2G J

\$ 49.99 F2500S

Midsole / Outsole: Non-marking herringbone rubber Upper: Full-grain leather. Shell toe. Superstar 2G C \$ 44.99 F2250S

३ ।इस्त

Exhibit 1
Page 3 of 4
Complaint



ORACLE CANVAS LOGO W F24750 \$44.99

Upper: Double-stitched canvas. Midsole | Outsole: Full rubber outsole.

Profile: A comfortable shoe for casual wear.

Available In: Men's, Women's

Carissa | Running White

Canvas | Chalk





669385

Hummus | Running White

4|1|01





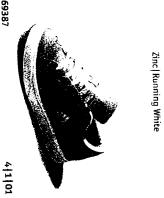




Exhibit 1 Page 2 of 4 Complaint



4|1|01

668896

Zinc | Running White

4 | 1 | 01

Stzes: 5-10,11

Available In: Men s, Women's

Profile: A comton sable snoe for casual wear. Midwole Oursele. But subberoutsole. Upper: Double-entened lanvas ORACLE CANVAS STRIPES W

F2475U \$44.99

Profile: Classic ord-school style and versatility for the court and for the street

Sizes: 6.5-15,16,17,16,19,20

Available In: Kies

Upper: Full-grain leather.

Midsole | Outsole: Molded EVA midsole. Lateral TORSFON® support. Non-marking herringbone traction rubber outsole.

F3850F \$69.99

adiPRENE

SUPERSTAR 2G

TORSION.

672428

Running White | University Red

669165

Black | Black

7 | 1 | 01

669164

Blue | Running White | Blue

7 | 1 | 01

669163

Running White | Black | Running White

7 | 1 | 01

672429



A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH



Black | Running White



7 | 1 | 01

669162



Running White | New Navy

7 | 1 | 01

PAGE:

669166

Running White | Running White | Silver

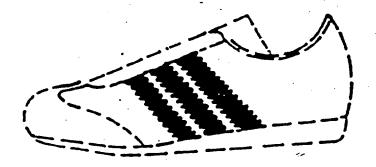
7 | 1 | 01

Int. Cl.: 25

Prior U.S. Cl.: 39

United States Patent and Trademark Office Registered Jan. 11, 1994

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER



ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY JOINT STOCK COMPANY) D-8522 HERZOGENAURACH, FED REP-GER-MANY

FOR: ATHLETIC FOOTWEAR, IN CLASS 25 (U.S. CL. 39).

FIRST USE 0-0-1952; IN COMMERCE 0-0-1952. SEC. 2(F).

SER. NO. 74-255,912, FILED 3-16-1992.

MIDGE BUTLER, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

Reg. No. 1,833,868 United States Patent and Trademark Office Registered May 3, 1994



ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY JOINT STOCK COMPANY) D-8522 HERZOGENAURACH, FED REP GER-MANY

FOR: ATHLETIC FOOTWEAR, IN CLASS 25 (U.S. CI_ 39).

IN COMMERCE USE 0-0-1949; FIRST 0-0-1978. SEC. 2(F).

SER. NO. 74-263,512, FILED 4-7-1992.

MIDGE BUTLER, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

Prior U.S. Cl.: 39 .

United States Patent and Trademark Office

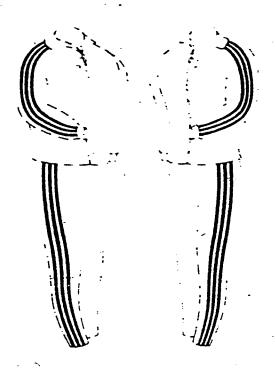
10 Year Renewal

Reg. No. 870,136

Registered May 27, 1969

Renewal Approved Apr. 2, 1990

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER



ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY CORPORATION)
HERZOGENAURACH, FÉD REP GERMANY, BY MERGER WITH AND CHANGE OF NAME FROM ADIDASSPORTSCHUHFABRIKEN ADI DASSLER K.G. (FED REP GERMANY FIRM), HERZOGENAURACH, NEAR NUREMBERG, FED REP GERMANY

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NOS. 631,812, 738,673 AND OTHERS: THE MARK CONSISTS OF THREE

PARALLEL BANDS EXTENDING ALONG THE LENGTH OF EACH SLEEVE OF THE TRAINING SUIT AND ALONG THE LENGTH OF EACH LEG OF THE TROUSERS, THE BANDS ON THE SLEEVES BEING OF CONTRASTING COLOR TO THAT OF THE REMAINDER OF THE SLEEVE AND THE BANDS ON THE LEGS OF THE TROUSERS BEING OF CONTRASTING COLOR TO THAT OF THE REMAINDER OF THE TROUSER LEGS.

FOR: ATHLETIC TRAINING SUITS, IN CLASS 39 (INT. CL. 25).

FIRST USE 2-0-1967; IN COMMERCE 8-3-1967.

SER. NO. 72-302,478, FILED 7-11-1968.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of The Patent and Trademark Office to be affixed on May 15, 1990.

Prior U.S. Cls.: 22 and 39

Reg. No. 961,353

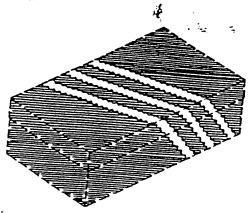
United States Patent and Trademark Office

Registered June 19, 1973

10 Year Renewal

Renewal Term Begins June 19, 1993

TRADEMARK -PRINCIPAL REGISTER



ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY JOINT STOCK COMPANY)
ADI-DASSLER STRASSE 1-2
D-8521 HERZOGENAURACH, FED REP GERMANY, BY CHANGE OF NAME, AND MERGER WITH ADIDAS SPORTSCHUHFABRIKEN ADI DASSLER K. G. (FED REP GERMANY FIRM), NUREMBERG, FED REP GERMANY

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NOS. 631,812. 870,136 AND OTHERS.

THE MARK COMPRISES THERE WHITE STRIPES EXTENDING ACROSS

THE BLUE BACKGROUND OF THE BOX CONTAINER AND THE OUTLINE OF THE CONTAINER BOX IS MADE TO APPEAR IN BROKEN LINES.

FOR: SPECIAL PURPOSE ATHLETIC SHOES, IN CLASS 22 (INT. CL. 25).

FIRST USE 0-0-1967; IN COMMERCE 0-0-1967.

FOR: GENERAL PURPOSE SPORT SHOES, IN CLASS 39 (INT. CL 25).

FIRST USE 0-0-1967; IN COMMERCE 0-0-1967.

SER. NO. 72-358.532, FILED 5-1-1970.

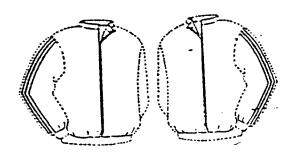
timony whereof I have hereunto set my hand caused the seal of The Patent and Trademark I) Tice to be affixed on June 29, 1993.

Int. CL: 25

Prior U.S. Cls.: 22 and 39

Reg. No. 2,016,963 United States Patent and Trademark Office Registered Nov. 19, 1996

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER



ADIDAS AG (FED REF GERMANY CORPORA-TION P.O. BOX 1120 HERZOGENAURACH D-91072, FED REP GER-MANY

FOR SPORTS AND LEISURE WEAR. NAMELY JACKETS, IN CLASS 25 (U.S. CLS. 22 AND 39). USE 0-0-1967; IN COMMERCE FIRST 0-0-1967.

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NO. 370,136.

THE MARK CONSISTS OF THREE PARAL-LEL BANDS POSITIONED ALONG THE LENGTH OF EACH SLEEVE OF A JACKET. THE DOTTED OUTLINE OF A JACKET IS NOT PART OF THE MARK BUT IS MERELY INTENDED TO SHOW THE POSITION OF THE MARK

SEC. 2(F).

SER. NO. 74-653.296. FILED 3-23-1995.

ANIL V. GEORGE. EXAMINING ATTORNEY

Int. Cl.: 25

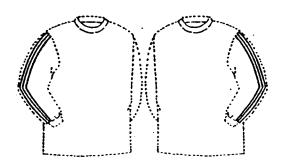
Prior U.S. Cls.: 22 and 39

Reg. No. 2,058,619

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Registered May 6, 1997

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER



ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY CORPORA-TION) P.O. BOX 1120 HERZOGENAURACH D-91072, FED REP GER-MANY

FOR: SPORTS AND LEISURE WEAR, NAMELY SHIRTS, IN CLASS 25 (U.S. CLS. 22 AND 39).

FIRST USE 0-0-1967; IN COMMERCE 0-0-1967.

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NO. 870,136.

THE MARK CONSISTS OF THREE PARAL-LEL BANDS POSITIONED ALONG THE LENGTH OF EACH SLEEVE OF A SHIRT. THE DOTTED OUTLINE OF A SHIRT IS NOT PART OF THE MARK BUT IS MERELY INTENDED TO SHOW THE POSITION OF THE MARK.

SEC. 2(F).

SER. NO. 74-653,301, FILED 3-28-1995.

ANIL V. GEORGE, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

int. Cls.: 18, 25 and 28

Prior U.S. Cls.: 3, 22 and 39

Reg. No. 1,674,229
Registered Feb. 4, 1992

United States Patent and Trademark Office

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER

THE BRAND WITH THE THREE STRIPES

ADIDAS AG (FED REP GERMANY CORPORA-TION)
D-8422 HERZOGENAURACH FED REP GER-

D-8522 HERZOGENAURACH, FED REP GER-MANY

FOR: SPORT BAGS FOR GENERAL USE AND CROSS-COUNTRY BACK-PACKS, IN CLASS 18 (U.S. CL. 3).

CLASS 18 (U.S. CL. 3).
FIRST USE 1-0-1968; IN COMMERCE 1-0-1968.

FOR: SPORT AND LEISURE WEAR; NAMELY, SHORTS, PANTS, SHIRTS, T-SHIRTS, JERSEYS, TIGHTS, SOCKS, GLOVES, JACKETS, SWIMWEAR, SWEATERS, CAPS AND HATS, PULL-OVERS, WARM-UP SUITS, RAIN SUITS, SKI SUITS, JUMPSUITS, BOOTS, SLIPPERS, SANDALS; SHOES, BOOTS AND AFTER SKI BOOTS FOR HIKING AND TREKKING, ATHLETIC SHOES AND GENERAL-PURPOSE SPORTS SHOES, IN CLASS 25 (U.S. CL. 39).

FIRST USE 1-0-1968; IN COMMERCE 1-0-1968.

FOR: SPORTS BALLS, RACKETS FOR TENNIS, SQUASH OR SHUTTLECOCK; ICE AND ROLLERSKATES, SKIS AND SKI EQUIPMENT; NAMELY, CROSS-COUNTRY SKIBINDINGS AND PARTS THEREOF, CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING OVERSHOES, RACKET COVERS, HAND-PADDLES AND KICKBOARDS, IN CLASS 28 (U.S. CL. 22).

FIRST USE 1-0-1968; IN COMMERCE 1-0-1968.

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NOS. 641,906, 1,428,947 AND OTHERS.

SEC. 2(F).

SER. NO. 74-023,435, FILED 1-29-1990.

JANICE O'LEAR, EXAMINING ATTORNEY